

Area of learning	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Topic Title	It's good to be me!	Houses and Homes (Home!)	Day and Night The Weather	Growing	Creatures great and small	Journeys
Mathematics Number & Shape, Space and Measures	Take part in finger rhymes with numbers. React to changes of amount in a group of up to three items. Count in everyday situations to take or give 1,2, or 3 objects from a group. Matching and sorting (colour, type, size, category, shape) Compare sizes and weights using gesture and language.	One Subitise Recognise 1 Showing 1 in different representations Cardinality, Ordinality and Counting Count one (object) Composition Say what one is not. Choose items based on their shape which are appropriate for the child's purpose. Two Subitise two. Cardinality, Ordinality and Counting Ordinality of 2 Count two (object) Composition Comparison Compare sets just by looking. Take part in finger rhymes with numbers.	Three Subitise three Cardinality, Ordinality and Counting Ordinality of 3 Count three (object) Composition Say what it is and what it is not Composition of 3. Comparison Compare sets just by looking. Link to traditional tales Extend and create ABAB patterns. Notice and correct an error in a repeating pattern. Begin to describe a sequence of events, real or fictional, using words such as 'first', 'then' Take part in finger rhymes with numbers.	Four Subitise four Cardinality, Ordinality and Counting Ordinality of 4 Count four (object) Composition Say what it is and what it is not Composition of 4. Comparison Compare sets just by looking. In meaningful contexts, find the longer or shorter of two items. Take part in finger rhymes with numbers.	Five Subitise five Cardinality, Ordinality and Counting Ordinality of 5 Count five (object) Composition Say what it is and what it is not Composition of 5. Comparison Compare sets just by looking. Talk about and identify the patterns around them. In meaningful contexts, find heavier or lighter of two items. Take part in finger rhymes with numbers.	Five Subitise five Cardinality, Ordinality and Counting Ordinality of 5 Count five (object) Composition Say what it is and what it is not Composition of 5. Comparison Compare sets just by looking. Understand position through words alone. Discuss and describe routes and locations using words such as in front of and behind. In meaningful contexts, find more/ less full of two items. Develop 1:1 correspondence, including by co-ordinating movement and counting (up to 5)



Area of learning	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Topic Title	Adventurers & explorers	Family	Our World	A World of Make Believe	Growing & Minibeasts	Animals
Mathematics	Subitising within 3	Subitising within 5	Subitising within 5,	Subitising – exploring	Subitising structured and	In this half-term, the
Number & Shape, Space			exploring patterns &	symmetrical patterns	unstructured patterns,	children will consolidate
and Measures	Cardinality, ordinality and	Cardinality, ordinality and	arrangements, small / sub	(linking to doubles)	including those which	their understanding of
	<u>counting</u> – number	counting - develop	groups & 1 more		show numbers within 10,	concepts previously taugh
	rhymes, counting by using	counting skills, explore the		Cardinality, ordinality and	in relation to 5 and 10	through working in a
	1:1 correspondence	cardinality of 5, begin to	Cardinality, ordinality and	counting - working with		variety of contexts and
		recognise numerals,	counting - develop verbal	larger numbers within 10	Cardinality, ordinality and	with different numbers.
	Composition – see that all	relating these to quantities	counting to 20 & beyond	& becoming more familiar	counting	
	numbers can be made of	they can subitise and		with the counting pattern		Shape, Space, Measure –
	1s	count.	<u>Composition</u> – develop	beyond 20	<u>Composition – explore the</u>	Compare capacity
			object counting skills.		composition of 10	
	Comparison – more than &	Composition – explore the	Order numbers. Linking	<u>Composition –</u>		
	fewer than	concept of 'wholes' and	cardinal and ordinal	odd and even numbers,	Comparison - order sets of	
	Shape, Space, Measure –	'parts'	representations of number	looking at the 'shape' of	objects, linking this to	
	repeating patterns			these numbers,	understanding of the	
		Comparison – use a range	Comparison - compare	begin to link even numbers	ordinal number system.	
		of strategies including	sets by matching and	to doubles		
		subitising and matching	identifying when equal	begin to explore the	Shape, Space, Measure –	
				composition of numbers	Compare weight	
		Shape, Space, Measure –	Shape, Space, Measure –	within 10		
		Select, rotate and	Compare length / height			
		manipulate shapes to		<u>Comparison – compare</u>		
		develop spatial reasoning		numbers, reasoning about		
		skills		which is more / fewer		
				Shape, Space, Measure –		
				Compose and decompose		
				shapes to recognise a		
				shape can have other		
				shapes within it (just like		
				numbers can)		



			Year 1
Unit number	Maths area	Specific topic	Details
	_		Autumn 1
1	NPV	Previous Reception experiences and Counting within 100.	• 1NPV-1 Count within 100, forwards and backwards, starting with any number. • 1.9 Composition of numbers: 20-100
2	NPV	Comparison of quantities and part-whole relationships	• 1NPV-1 Count within 100, forwards and backwards, starting with any number. • 1NPV-2 Reason about the location of numbers to 20 within the linear number system, including comparing using < > and =. • 1.1 Comparison of quantities and measures • 1.2 Introducing 'whole' and 'parts': part-part-whole
			Autumn 2
3	NPV AS	Numbers 0 to 5	• 1NPV–2 Reason about the location of numbers to 20 within the linear number system, including comparing using < > and =. • 1AS–1 Compose numbers to 10 from 2 parts, and partition numbers to 10 into parts, including recognising odd and even numbers. • 1.3 Composition of numbers: 0–5
		1	Spring 1
4	G	Recognise, compose, decompose and manipulate 2d and 3d shapes	• 1G–1 Recognise common 2D and 3D shapes presented in different orientations, and know that rectangles, triangles, cuboids and pyramids are not always similar to one another. • 1G–2 Compose 2D and 3D shapes from smaller shapes to match an example, including manipulating shapes to place them in particular orientations.
5	NPV AS	Numbers 0 to 10	• 1NPV–2 Reason about the location of numbers to 20 within the linear number system, including comparing using < > and =. • 1AS–1 Compose numbers to 10 from 2 parts, and partition numbers to 10 into parts, including recognising odd and even numbers. • 1.4 Composition of numbers: 6–10
			Spring 2
6	AS	Additive Structures	Additive structures • 1AS–2 Read, write and interpret equations containing addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) symbols, and relate additive expressions and equations to real-life contexts. • 1.5 Additive structures: introduction to aggregation and partitioning • 1.6 Additive structures: introduction to augmentation and reduction



7	NF	Addition and Subtraction within 10	• 1NF–1 Develop fluency in addition and subtraction facts within 10. • 1.7 Addition and subtraction: strategies within 10
		within 10	Summer 1
8	NPV	Numbers 0-20	• 1NPV–2 Reason about the location of numbers to 20 within the linear number system, including comparing using < > and =. • 1.10 Composition of numbers: 11–19
9	NF	Unitising and coin recognition	• 1NF–2 Count forwards and backwards in multiples of 2, 5 and 10, up to 10 multiples, beginning with any multiple, and count forwards and backwards through the odd numbers. • 2.1 Counting, unitising and coins
		<u> </u>	Summer 2
10	G	Position and direction	White Rose Summer Term Week 7 (Year 1)
11	М	Time	White Rose Summer Term Week 11 and 12 (Year 1)



			Year 2
Unit number	Maths area	Specific topic	Details
			Autumn 1
1	NPV	Numbers 10-100	• 2NPV–1 Recognise the place value of each digit in two-digit numbers, and compose and decompose two-digit numbers using standard and non-standard partitioning. • 2NPV–2 Reason about the location of any two-digit number in the linear number system, including identifying the previous and next multiple of 10. • 1.8 Composition of numbers: multiples of 10 up to 100 • 1.9 Composition of numbers: 20–100
2	AS	Calculations within 20	• 2AS–1 Add and subtract across 10. • 2AS–2 Recognise the subtraction structure of 'difference' and answer questions of the form, "How many more?". • 1.11 Addition and subtraction: bridging 10 • 1.12 Subtraction as difference
			Autumn 2
3	NF	Fluently add and subtract within 10	• 2NF–1 Secure fluency in addition and subtraction facts within 10, through continued practice. • 1.7 Addition and subtraction: strategies within 10
4	AS	Addition and subtraction of 2 digit numbers (1)	• 2AS–3 Add and subtract within 100 by applying related one-digit addition and subtraction facts: add and subtract only ones or only tens to/from a two-digit number. • 1.13 Addition and subtraction: two-digit and single-digit numbers • 1.14 Addition and subtraction: two-digit numbers and multiples of ten
	-		Spring 1
5	MD	Introduction to multiplication	• 2MD–1 Recognise repeated addition contexts, representing them with multiplication equations and calculating the product, within the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables. • 2.2 Structures: multiplication representing equal groups • 2.3 Times tables: groups of 2 and commutativity (part 1) • 2.4 Times tables: groups of 10 and of 5, and factors of 0 and 1 • 2.5 Commutativity (part 2), doubling and halving
6	MD	Introduction to division structures	• 2MD–2 Relate grouping problems where the number of groups is unknown to multiplication equations with a missing factor, and to division equations (quotitive division). • 2.6 Structures: quotitive and partitive division
		_	Spring 2
7	F	Fractions	3.0 Guidance on the teaching of fractions in Key Stage 1 White Rose Spring Term Week 10-12 (Year 2)



8	AS	Addition and	2AS-4 Add and subtract within 100 by applying related one-digit addition and subtraction facts: add and subtract
		subtraction of	any 2 two-digit numbers. • 1.15 Addition: two-digit and two-digit numbers • 1.16 Subtraction: two-digit and two-
		2 digit	digit numbers
		numbers (2)	
			Summer 1
9	G	Shape	2G–1 Use precise language to describe the properties of 2D and 3D shapes, and compare shapes by reasoning
			about similarities and differences in properties.
10	M	Money	White Rose Autumn Term Weeks 9 and 10
11	M	Time	White Rose Summer Term Weeks 7 and 8
12	G	Position and	White Rose Summer Term week 3
		Direction	
	·	·	Summer 2
13	MD	Multiplication	• 2.5 Commutativity (part 2), doubling and halving • 2.6 Structures: quotitive and partitive division
		and division-	
		doubling and	
		halving,	
		quotative and	
		partitive	
		division	
14	М	Sense of	White Rose Summer Term Week 1 and 9
		measure-	
		capacity,	
		volume, mass	
15	S	Statistics	White Rose Spring Term Week 5



			Year 3
Unit number	Maths area	Specific topic	Details
		_	Autumn 1
1	AS	Adding and	• 2AS-1 Add and subtract across 10. • 3NF-1 Secure fluency in addition and subtraction facts that bridge 10,
	NF	Subtracting	through continued practice. • 1.11 Addition and subtraction: bridging 10
		across 10	Flashback on counting money WK 4 Autumn Term WR (Mon, Tue- both revs on WR) Then teach WR Autumn
			week 4- converting £ and p notation (Thursday and Friday WR)
2	NPV	Numbers to	• 3NPV-1 Know that 10 tens are equivalent to 1 hundred, and that 100 is 10 times the size of 10; apply this to
	AS	1000	identify and work out how many 10s there are in other three-digit multiples of 10. • 3NPV–2 Recognise the place
	NF		value of each digit in three-digit numbers, and compose and decompose three-digit numbers using standard and
			non-standard partitioning. • 3NPV–3 Reason about the location of any three-digit number in the linear number
			system, including identifying the previous and next multiple of 100 and 10. • 3NPV–4 Divide 100 into 2, 4, 5 and
			10 equal parts, and read scales/number lines marked in multiples of 100 with 2, 4, 5 and 10 equal parts. • 3AS-1
			Calculate complements to 100. ◆ 3NF—3 Apply place-value knowledge to known additive and multiplicative
			number facts (scaling facts by 10). • 1.17 Composition and calculation: 100 and bridging 100 • 1.18 Composition
			and calculation: three-digit numbers
			Autumn 2
3	G	Right angles	• 3G–1 Recognise right angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn, and identify right angles in 2D
			shapes presented in different orientations.
4	AS	Manipulating	• 3AS–3 Manipulate the additive relationship: Understand the inverse relationship between addition and
		the additive	subtraction, and how both relate to the part–part–whole structure. Understand and use the commutative
		relationship	property of addition, and understand the related property for subtraction. • 1.19 Securing mental strategies:
		and securing	calculation up to 999
		mental	
		calculation	



			Spring 1
5	AS	Column addition	• 3AS—2 Add and subtract up to three-digit numbers using columnar methods. • 1.20 Algorithms: column addition
6	MD NF	2, 4, 8 times tables	• 3MD–1 Apply known multiplication and division facts to solve contextual problems with different structures, including quotitive and partitive division. • 3NF–2 Recall multiplication facts, and corresponding division facts, in the 10, 5, 2, 4 and 8 multiplication tables, and recognise products in these multiplication tables as multiples of
			the corresponding number. • 3NF–3 Apply place-value knowledge to known additive and multiplicative number facts (scaling facts by 10). • 2.7 Times tables: 2, 4 and 8, and the relationship between them
	•		Spring 2
7	AS	Column subtraction	• 3AS–2 Add and subtract up to three-digit numbers using columnar methods. • 1.21 Algorithms: column subtraction
	L		Summer 1
8	F	Unit Fractions	• 3F–1 Interpret and write proper fractions to represent 1 or several parts of a whole that is divided into equal parts. • 3F–2 Find unit fractions of quantities using known division facts (multiplication tables fluency). • 3.1
			Preparing for fractions: the part—whole relationship • 3.2 Unit fractions: identifying, representing and comparing Summer 2
9	F	Non unit fractions	• 3F–1 Interpret and write proper fractions to represent 1 or several parts of a whole that is divided into equal parts. • 3F–3 Reason about the location of any fraction within 1 in the linear number system. • 3F–4 Add and
			subtract fractions with the same denominator, within 1. • 3.3 Non-unit fractions: identifying, representing and comparing • 3.4 Adding and subtracting within one whole
10	G	Parallel and perpendicular	• 3G–2 Draw polygons by joining marked points, and identify parallel and perpendicular sides.
		sides in polygons Properties of shape	White Rose Summer Term week 8- Recognise and describe 2d shapes, recognise and describe 3d shapes, make 3d shapes.
11	М	Time	White Rose Spring Term week 6 (Wed to Fri) Add in White Rose Spring Term Interpret bar charts, pictograms and tables revisions in WR Wk5 Thurs and Fr, Wk6 Monday.
12	М	Length, mass and capacity	White Rose Spring Term week 7 Length White Rose Summer Term week 9 Mass and 10 Capacity



			Year 4
Unit number	Maths area	Specific topic	Details
			Autumn 1
1	AS	Review of column addition and subtraction	• 3AS–2 Add and subtract up to three-digit numbers using columnar methods. • 1.20 Algorithms: column addition • 1.21 Algorithms: column subtraction
2	NPV NF	Numbers to 10,000	4NPV–1 Know that 10 hundreds are equivalent to 1 thousand, and that 1,000 is 10 times the size of 100; apply this to identify and work out how many 100s there are in other four-digit multiples of 100. • 4NPV–2 Recognise the place value of each digit in four-digit numbers, and compose and decompose four-digit numbers using standard and non-standard partitioning. • 4NPV–3 Reason about the location of any four-digit number in the linear number system, including identifying the previous and next multiple of 1,000 and 100, and rounding to the nearest of each. • 4NPV–4 Divide 1,000 into 2, 4, 5 and 10 equal parts, and read scales/number lines marked in multiples of 1,000 with 2, 4, 5 and 10 equal parts. • 4NF–3 Apply place-value knowledge to known additive and multiplicative number facts (scaling facts by 100). • 1.22 Composition and calculation: 1,000 and four-digit numbers
			Autumn 2
3	G	Perimeter	• 4G–2 Identify regular polygons, including equilateral triangles and squares, as those in which the side-lengths are equal and the angles are equal. Find the perimeter of regular and irregular polygons. • 2.16 Multiplicative contexts: area and perimeter 1
4	NF	3, 9, 12 times tables	• 4NF–1 Recall multiplication and division facts up to 12×12, and recognise products in multiplication tables as multiples of the corresponding number. • 2.8 Times tables: 3, 6 and 9, and the relationship between them
			Spring 1
5	NF	7 times table	• 4NF–1 Recall multiplication and division facts up to 12×12, and recognise products in multiplication tables as multiples of the corresponding number. • 2.9 Times tables: 7 and patterns within/across times tables
			Spring 2
6	MD NF	Understanding and manipulating multiplicative relationships	• 4MD–1 Multiply and divide whole numbers by 10 and 100 (keeping to whole number quotients); understand this as equivalent to making a number 10 or 100 times the size. • 4MD–2 Manipulate multiplication and division equations, and understand and apply the commutative property of multiplication. • 4MD–3 Understand and apply the distributive property of multiplication. • 4NF–3 Apply place-value knowledge to known additive and



			multiplicative number facts (scaling facts by 100) • 2.10 Connecting multiplication and division, and the
			distributive law • 2.13 Calculation: multiplying and dividing by 10 or 100
7	G	Coordinates	• 4G–1 Draw polygons, specified by coordinates in the first quadrant, and translate within the first quadrant.
			Summer 1
8	F	Review of	• 3F–1 Interpret and write proper fractions to represent 1 or several parts of a whole that is divided into equal
		fractions	parts. • 3.1 Preparing for fractions: the part—whole relationship
9	F	Fractions	• 4F–1 Reason about the location of mixed numbers in the linear number system. • 4F–2 Convert mixed numbers
		greater than 1	to improper fractions and vice versa. • 4F–3 Add and subtract improper and mixed fractions with the same
			denominator, including bridging whole numbers. • 3.5 Working across one whole: improper fractions and mixed
			numbers
			Summer 2
10	G	Symmetry in	4G–3 Identify line symmetry in 2D shapes presented in different orientations. Reflect shapes in a line of
		2d shapes	symmetry and complete a symmetric figure or pattern with respect to a specified line of symmetry.
		Quadrilaterals	White Rose Summer Term week 8- Compare and classify geometric shapes- quadrilaterals based on properties and sizes.
11	М	Time	White Rose Summer Term week 5-6
12	NF	Division with	4NF–2 Solve division problems, with two-digit dividends and one-digit divisors, that involve remainders. • 2.12
		remainders	Division with remainders
13	S	Statistics	White Rose Summer Term week 7 Interpret and present discreet and continuous data- bar and time graphs
			White Rose Year 5 Autumn Term week 3- Using the graphs solve comparison sum and difference problems



			Year 5
Unit number	Maths area	Specific topic	Details
			Autumn 1
1	NPV NF	Decimal fraction	5NPV-1 Know that 10 tenths are equivalent to 1 one, and that 1 is 10 times the size of 0.1. Know that 100 hundredths are equivalent to 1 one, and that 1 is 100 times the size of 0.01. Know that 10 hundredths are equivalent to 1 tenth, and that 0.1 is 10 times the size of 0.01. • 5NPV-2 Recognise the place value of each digit in numbers with up to 2 decimal places, and compose and decompose numbers with up to 2 decimal places using standard and nonstandard partitioning. • 5NPV-3 Reason about the location of any number with up to 2 decimals places in the linear number system, including identifying the previous and next multiple of 1 and 0.1 and rounding to the nearest of each. • 5NPV-4 Divide 1 into 2, 4, 5 and 10 equal parts, and read scales/number lines marked in units of 1 with 2, 4, 5 and 10 equal parts. • 5NF-2 Apply place-value knowledge to known additive and multiplicative number facts (scaling facts by 1 tenth or 1 hundredth). * Decimal notation to 3dp • 1.23 Composition and calculation: tenths • 1.24 Composition and calculation: hundredths and thousandths Add in- Recognise and write decimal equivalents ¼, ¾ (Y4NC) White Rose Summer Term week 1 (Y4)
2	NPV	Money	1.25 Addition and subtraction: money
	-	,	Autumn 2
3	NPV	Negative numbers	1.27 Negative numbers: counting, comparing and calculating
4	NF MD	Short multiplication and short division	• 5MD–3 Multiply any whole number with up to 4 digits by any one-digit number using a formal written method. • 5MD–4 Divide a number with up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using a formal written method, and interpret remainders appropriately for the context. • 2.14 Multiplication: partitioning leading to short multiplication • 2.15 Division: partitioning leading to short division
		A	Spring 1
5	G	Area and scaling	• 5G–2 Compare areas and calculate the area of rectangles (including squares) using standard units. • 2.16 Multiplicative contexts: area and perimeter 1 • 2.17 Structures: using measures and comparison to understand scaling
			Spring 2
6	MD	Calculating with decimal fractions	• 5MD–1 Multiply and divide numbers by 10 and 100; understand this as equivalent to making a number 10 or 100 times the size, or 1 tenth or 1 hundredth times the size. • 2.19 Calculation: ×/÷ decimal fractions by whole numbers • 2.29 Decimal place-value knowledge, multiplication and division



7	MD	Factors,	• 5MD–2 Find factors and multiples of positive whole numbers, including common factors and common
		multiples and	multiples, and express a given number as a product of 2 or 3 factors. • 2.20 Multiplication with three factors and
		primes	volume • 2.21 Factors, multiples, prime numbers and composite numbers
	·	·	Summer 1
8	F	Fractions	• 5NPV–5 Convert between units of measure, including using common decimals and fractions. • 5F–1 Find non-unit fractions of quantities. • 5F–2 Find equivalent fractions and understand that they have the same value and the same position in the linear number system. • 5F–3 Recall decimal fraction equivalents for 1/2, 1/4, 1/5 and 1/10, and for multiples of these proper fractions. • 3.6 Multiplying whole numbers and fractions • 3.7 Finding equivalent fractions and simplifying fractions • 3.10 Linking fractions, decimals and percentages
			Summer 2
9	NPV	Converting units	• 5NPV-5 Convert between units of measure, including using common decimals and fractions.
10	G	Angles	5G-1 Compare angles, estimate and measure angles in degrees (°) and draw angles of a given size.
11	G	Position and direction	White Rose Summer Term week 8 Position and direction



			Year 6		
Unit number	Maths area	Specific topic	Details		
			Autumn 1		
1	AS	Calculating	6AS/MD–1 Understand that 2 numbers can be related additively or multiplicatively, and quantify additive and		
	MD	using	multiplicative relationships (multiplicative relationships restricted to multiplication by a whole number). •		
		knowledge of	6AS/MD–2 Use a given additive or multiplicative calculation to derive or complete a related calculation, using		
		structures (1)	arithmetic properties, inverse relationships, and place-value understanding. • 1.28 Common structures and the		
			part-part-whole relationship • 1.29 Using equivalence and the compensation property to calculate		
2	NPV	Multiples of	• 1.26 Composition and calculation: multiples of 1,000 up to 1,000,000		
	NF	1,000			
Autumn 2					
3	NPV	Numbers up to	6NPV-1 Understand the relationship between powers of 10 from 1 hundredth to 10 million, and use this to make		
		10, 000, 000	a given number 10, 100, 1,000, 1 tenth, 1 hundredth or 1 thousandth times the size (multiply and divide by 10,		
			100 and 1,000). • 6NPV–2 Recognise the place value of each digit in numbers up to 10 million, including decimal		
			fractions, and compose and decompose numbers up to 10 million using standard and non-standard partitioning.		
			• 6NPV-3 Reason about the location of any number up to 10 million, including decimal fractions, in the linear		
			number system, and round numbers, as appropriate, including in contexts. • 6NPV-4 Divide powers of 10, from 1		
			hundredth to 10 million, into 2, 4, 5 and 10 equal parts, and read scales/number lines with labelled intervals		
			divided into 2, 4, 5 and 10 equal parts. • 1.30 Composition and calculation: numbers up to 10,000,000		
			White Rose Year 5 Autumn Term week 3- Read Roman numerals to 1000. Recognise years.		
4	G	Draw, compose	• 6G–1 Draw, compose, and decompose shapes according to given properties, including dimensions, angles and		
		and decompose	area, and solve related problems.		
		shapes			
Spring 1					
5	MD	Multiplication	6AS/MD-2 Use a given additive or multiplicative calculation to derive or complete a related calculation, using		
		and division	arithmetic properties, inverse relationships, and place-value understanding. • 2.18 Using equivalence to calculate		
			• 2.23 Multiplication strategies for larger numbers and long multiplication • 2.24 Division: dividing by two-digit		
			divisors • 2.25 Using compensation to calculate		
6	M	Area and	2.30 Multiplicative contexts: area and perimeter 2		
		perimeter,	White Rose (Year 5) Spring Term week 3- volume and capacity		



		position and direction			
		an conon	Spring 2		
7	F	Fractions and percentages	6F–1 Recognise when fractions can be simplified, and use common factors to simplify fractions. • 6F–2 Express fractions in a common denomination and use this to compare fractions that are similar in value. • 6F–3 Compare fractions with different denominators, including fractions greater than 1, using reasoning, and choose between reasoning and common denomination as a comparison strategy. • 3.8 Common denomination: more adding and subtracting • 3.9 Multiplying fractions and dividing fractions by a whole number • 3.10 Linking fractions, decimals and percentages Y5 NC- Recognise % and recognise % as a fraction. White Rose Spring Term week 3- Percentages of amounts and missing values		
10	AS MD	Calculating using knowledge of structures (2)	6AS/MD–2 Use a given additive or multiplicative calculation to derive or complete a related calculation, using arithmetic properties, inverse relationships, and place-value understanding. • 1.29 Using equivalence and the compensation property to calculate		
			Summer 1		
8	S	Statistics	Recap on Y4 learning White Rose Summer Term week 1		
9	AD MS	Ration and proportion	• 6AS/MD–3 Solve problems involving ratio relationships. • 2.27 Scale factors, ratio and proportional reasoning		
11	AS AD	Solving problems with two unknowns	6AS/MD–4 Solve problems with 2 unknowns. • 1.31 Problems with two unknowns		
Summer 2					
12	AS MD	Order of operations	• 2.22 Combining multiplication with addition and subtraction • 2.28 Combining division with addition and subtraction		
13	S	Mean average	• 2.26 Mean average and equal shares		

Dark grey references are ready-to-progress criteria from the DfE Guidance 2020

Light grey references are from the NCETM Primary Mastery Professional Development materials

Blue has been added in to ensure NC coverage across year groups- WR used